1	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN	
2	SOUTHERN DIVISION	
3	,	ase No. 13-53846 etroit, Michigan
4		ecember 1, 2014
5	_	-
6	IN RE: (#8341) AMENDED MOTION - SECOND AMENDED MOTION FOR LIMITED STAY PENDING APPEAL FILED BY CREDITOR JAMIE FIELDS	
7	(#8429) JOINT MOTION TO JOIN JOHN P. QUINN'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL STAY PENDING APPEAL, FILED BY CREDITORS IRMA	
8	INDUSTRIOUS, DENNIS TAUBITZ, (#8426) PETITIONER'S MOTION TO STAY AND MEMORANDUM OF LAW ON THE CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN AND OPINION OF MAGISTRATE JUDGE STEVEN W. RHODES FILED BY	
9	CREDITORS DOROTHEA HARRIS, HASSAN ALEEM, CARL WILLIAMS, (#8413) JOHN P. QUINN'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL STAY PENDING	
10		
11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEVEN W. RHODES	
12	TRANSCRIPT ORDERED	BY: ROBIN WYSOCKI
13	APPEARANCES:	
14		ones, Day
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23	2	02-408-6400
24	5	AMIE S. FIELDS, ESQ. (P52808) 55 Brush 2409
25 13 +		etroit, Michigan 48226 13-570-3906 red 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 1 of 22

1	In Pro Per:	JOHN P. QUINN
2		2003 Military Street Detroit, MI 48209
3	Court Recorder:	Letrice Calloway
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(Court in Session)

THE CLERK: Court is in session. Please be seated. Case number 13-53846, City of Detroit, Michigan.

THE COURT: We are here this afternoon on the various motions for stay pending appeal. Who would like to be heard on this matter, please?

MR. FIELDS: For the record, Your Honor, Jamie Fields appearing on behalf of the Ochadleus appellants. And this is a motion for a limited stay pending appeal.

It's come to my attention that the city has said they're not going to implement the pension reductions until March 1st.

So therefore my stay is even more limited. A couple of issues I want to bring to the attention of the Court.

One is the plan of adjustment says that the city has the right to go back until June 30th of last year to take back excess COLA that's been paid. And first, there is no discussion about how they're going to do that, if they're going to do it in one chunk, if they're going to take it back in payments, or if they're going to charge 6.75% interest to take it back.

So, I think those things have to be resolved. But other than that, in effect this not implementing the pension cuts till March $1^{\rm st}$ has satisfied my stay as far as that goes. But I still need to have clarification on the rest.

1 MR. FIELDS: All right. 2 THE COURT: Sir. 3 MR. QUINN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. John Quinn 4 representing myself. With the Court's permission I'd like to 5 address the four factors that need to be considered in this order. 6 7 THE COURT: Yes. 8 MR. QUINN: First factor, two the irreparable 9 Then three and four. And then finally factor one and 10 after that I'll discuss the bond briefly. On the question of irreparable injury. It's true that 11 12 ordinarily monetary harms are not -- are not irreparable 13 because they can be remedied by money damages. 14 However, in this case Paragraph 71 on Page 115 of the confirmation order seems as I read it to direct that even if I 15 16 am successful on my appeal, I will be unable to recover any of 17 the money that will by then have been withheld from my monthly 18 pension payments pursuant to the confirmation order and the 19 plan. 20 So the order itself forecloses an award of monetary 21 damages and makes the injuriable cause even though it's 22 monetary in nature, irreparable even if the order is reversed 23 in part as -- as I intend to seek.

in the effective date of the plan of adjustment would 13-53846-tjt Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 4 of 22

Regarding harm to others. The city argues that a delay

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essentially cancel the grand bargain and all the other settlements. But I'm seeking a stay of only portions of the plan of adjustment in the confirmation order that implement reductions in GR pension -- GRS pension payments.

As Mr. Fields noted, we already know that those reductions will not occur until several months after the effective date. That being the case, what I am asking is at most a very brief extension in the period of time after the effective date. I'm not asking to change the effective date during which the pension reductions do not take effect. So it simply is not the case as I — as far as I can see that granting the stay puts all of those settlements into jeopardy and takes us back to square one.

On the public interest, I agree that the public has a significant interest in Detroit's financial survival. As a long time Detroit resident and taxpayer, who have devoted most of my career to serving the citizens of Detroit, I very much am part of that public and — and share that interest.

However, as I just noted, the stay I seek would not put the city's financial service survival in any greater jeopardy than already exists.

The public also has an interest in assuring that the city's financial viability is assured by legal means. That is by a plan that complies with existing law including the

25 Bankruptcy Code. If there is at least a serious question 13+53846-tjt Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 5 of 22

whether the specific provisions of the plan of adjustment that I intend to attack on appeal, violate the Bankruptcy Code, then it is in the public interest to delay implementation of those provisions for the short time needed to permit a higher Court to review the legality of those provisions.

Now on through the first factor, the likelihood of success on the merits. First, with regard to the ASF recoupment.

In their responses to the motion for stay as earlier, the plan proponents argue that ASF recoupment does not violate

Section 1123(a)(4) because it does not affect the claims in

Class 11 but is a means of collecting money owed GRS by the affected creditors. For example consider the State of

Michigan's response to the motion.

At Page 3 of that response, the state correctly states that Class 11 is comprised of GRS pension claims. The term GRS pension claim is defined in Paragraph 212 of the eighth amendment plan starting on Page 17. The definition is long and grammatically complex. But it is at least clear that the term includes claims for payments by GRS for "post retirement pension or financial benefits".

Nonetheless the state goes on to assert on Page 4 of its response, that the ASF recoupment is not being deducted from Class 11 claims, it is being deducted from pension benefit

25 payments. And again on Page 6, that the ASF recoupment is a 13-53846-tjt Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 6 of 22

reduction from the retirees pension benefits -- pension benefits payments, not a reduction in the retirees Class 11 claim.

Given that a claim for payment of pension benefits is a Class 11 claim, this is equivalent to say that the ASF recoupment is a deduction from the retirees pension benefit payments, not a reduction from the retirees claim for pension benefit payments. And with due respect to the Attorney General, I can't see how that makes sense. It's -- it's really Alice in Wonderland kind of stuff.

The issue is whether the plan -- or the issue on appeal will be whether the plan provides the same treatment for the claims of creditors affected by the ASF recoupment as it does to other claims in Class 11. And if the plan deducts more from the pension benefits payments that constitute the claims of some claims in Class 11 than it does from pension benefit payments of other claims in Class 11 and it does, then it does not provide the same treatment to all those claims.

Now I realize the Court has already held that ASF recoupment does not violate Section 1123(a)(4) so the Court's unlikely to agree that I am likely to succeed on appeal. However, if the -- as the city notes at Page 7 of its response when an appellant raises "serious questions going to the merits, and the other three factors favor a stay, then the

25 stay should be granted". 13-53846-tjt Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 7 of 22 On the -- with regard to the bond. The purpose of a bond is to protect the appellant from costs associated with the delay occasioned by a stay if the appeal is unsuccessful.

I've already argued that the limited stay I seek would

lead to no such costs. So that gives no -- no grounds for a bond so far as I can see. Unless the Court has questions, I'm done.

THE COURT: Thank you, sir.

MR. QUINN: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Would anyone else like to speak in favor of a stay? Ms. Lennox.

MS. LENNOX: Thank you, Your Honor. A few preliminary housekeeping matters.

It was not clear to me whether Mr. Fields is withdrawing his motion, or not. So I guess I'll -- I'll just address -- I'll address what -- what I planned to address, another couple of housekeeping matters.

Mr. Squires who evidently isn't here today filed a motion but didn't argue any of the points, so -- or even make an attempt to address the standards. So we think that should be overruled.

Also as we -- we've pointed out in our response, most of the people other than Mr. Taubitz and Ms. Industrious who sought to join Mr. Quinn's motion have not in fact filed

25 | notices of appeal. So without notices of appeal as a 13-53846-tjt Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 8 of 22

predicate there is no basis for their motions to stay pending appeal. So we think those should be overruled on those grounds.

And so that leaves the motions filed by Mr. Fields' clients, Mr. Quinn, and Messrs Williams and Aleem who evidently are not here today either. Obviously the city objects to the imposition of a stay and without reiterating all the points that we had in our papers, I'd like to address the four factors required to be balanced in order for this Court to exercise its discretion to impose a stay. I also note that the burden is on the movants to show that these factors are satisfied and that the burden is higher than it would ordinarily be in a preliminary injunction context because these motions are being heard with the backdrop of a 24 day trial on the merits.

So first, and again I'm not going to reiterate everything we said in our papers which I know Your Honor has read. With respect to the likelihood that any appellant seeking a stay will prevail on the merits pending appeal.

The 6th Circuit in the <u>Michigan Coalition of Radioactive</u>

<u>Material Users v Griepentrog</u> basically likened this to

likelihood of reversal on appeal, or if an appellant movant

can show irreparable harm to -- to himself that standard can

be read as serious questions going to the merits.

one by one, in the motion -- and today I really don't -- Mr. Fields did not really identify for his clients what issues they sought to appeal. That there was just kind of a vague reference to pension cuts.

And so by not identifying the issues that they seek to appeal or following from that why those issues are likely to be reversed on appeal, or even raise serious questions to the merits they failed to carry the burden on this prong. Now Mr. Fields did file on Friday after the briefing on these motions were closed, a statement of issues on appeal. But again none of those issues were mentioned in his motion and no effort was made to discuss how this Court's ruling would be reserved on appeal with respect to those or any other newly identified issues.

In fact with respect to pension cuts, Mr. Fields admits that the issue of whether the cuts could be made has no more or had no more than a 25% chance of winning which is not likelihood of reversal on appeal. And in fact it's actually not part of this Court's bench decision, or it's not part of the confirmation order at all.

The decision about whether pensions could be cut was based -- was made back in December of 2013 in this Court's eligibility ruling. And it's too late now to commence a challenge to a ruling that happened a year ago. Indeed Your

25 Honor noted this at Page 5 of the bench opinion. 13-53846-tjt Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 10 of 22

And I quote, "in the Court's eligibility opinion it held that the federal bankruptcy power could impair pension rights in a municipal case, even if state constitution protects them. The Court stands by that decision". So the Court merely followed a decision that it made a year ago.

The Court goes on to say -- Your Honor, goes on to say at Page 6 of the opinion, "that you had determined as part of this proceeding whether treatment of pension claims meets the legal requirements for plan confirmation and settlement approval". Because the pension issues were of course settled in this case. And Your Honor did so find that it was. That the pension settlement is a reasonable settlement that borders on the miraculous and that the other standards for confirmation were met.

Similarly the confirmation order itself never addresses the legal issues of whether pensions can be impaired because that issue was decided a year ago. It simply addresses the treatment of the pension claims as part of the key foundational settlement of the plan. So Mr. Fields' clients could not prevail on the merits of an issue that's actually not even appealable because it's not addressed squarely in the confirmation order.

With respect to the merits suggested by Messrs Williams and Aleem, as we noted they referenced some vague notion of

that so they don't carry their burden on this point.

With respect to Mr. Quinn. Mr. Quinn raises his

1123(a)(4) arguments again with respect to ASF recoupment, but

nothing -- but offers nothing more than Your Honor has already

heard and considered. Again I'd note here that this Court

found that the ASF recoupment is part of a -- part and parcel

of the pension settlement. You cannot pull out one piece of

the settlement and leave the other parts standing because the

settlement settles all issues.

Mr. Quinn doesn't address and offers no argument why the settlement would not -- what is likely to be reversed on appeal. Also Mr. Quinn suggests that the plan might impair certain obligations of GRS but he doesn't develop this issue or identify just what obligations he thinks the plan impairs.

To be clear as we stated in our papers, the city doesn't think -- believe that the plan does this. It doesn't affect or impair any of the obligations of GRS, so we're a little mystified on that point.

So we think as to this very critical element of the factors for motions for stay pending appeal that all three groups of appellants have failed to carry their burden on this issue.

Moving to irreparable harm. Messrs Williams and Aleem did not address this issue at all. Mr. Quinn again suggests

monetary harm does not constitute irreparable harm.

Frankly if monetary harm could satisfy that standard in bankruptcy, every single impaired claimant would suffer irreparable harm but that's not the standard. Impairment of claims does not constitute irreparable harm.

Moreover, the plan does provide for the possibility of restoration if some or all of the pension benefits as this Court noted in your bench opinion at Page 5.

Finally, Mr. Fields' clients apparently suggest but then they deny that the fact that the effective date would allow an argument for equitable mootness to arise constitutes irreparable harm. Cases are split on this. Most Courts find that this issue without more is insufficient to establish irreparable harm and more is not shown here.

Even those that would find that this constitutes irreparable harm still say that you have to balance this harm against the harm to the other parties in the case and third parties. So as I noted earlier, because the movants Mr. Fields' clients do not even elucidate what claims of error they wish to appeal or why they might be significant, we don't think even under more exacting standards that this is shown.

But even if you assume, Your Honor, that irreparable harm did exist for the appellants, it is certainly not outweighed by the serious and irreparable harm to the city, it's 700,000

First and foremost, Your Honor, if -- if the confirmation order is stayed, it delays the re-investment initiatives and the funding for those which would extend the inadequate services that the city's 700,000 residents are already receiving. You cannot quantify the harm that inadequate safety services inflict upon the citizens, it's incalculable. And as Your Honor found, it's inhumane.

The inefficient IT systems are leading to huge inefficiencies and costs of operations which is more of a burden to the taxpayers. You also cannot quantify the harm to the employee morale from the frustrations that they have from the inability to do their jobs properly because they have insufficient resources, technology, training, and equipment.

Growth for the city can logically be stymied from this.

The stay continues this unacceptable status quo for an indefinite period of time, perhaps years.

And testimony with respect to all of this stuff is already in the record. Your Honor heard about the harms that are befalling the city and its citizenry from Mayor Duggan, from Ms. Niblock, from Mr. Hill, from police Chief Craig, and from fire Commissioner Jenkins.

Your Honor, a stay would also harm the appellants themselves. The outside pension funding is going to disappear if we do not close this deal by the end of this year. Almost

away if this is not closed by the end of this year.

This in turn would destroy the plan. And if we had to go back to the drawing board, would force even higher pension cuts. Also as the retiree committee pointed out in its filing, a failure to close would jeopardize the outside funding that the VEBAs are expecting if they don't receive that by the end of the year.

And it would also jeopardize the clear continuation of health care benefits for all retirees, including the appellants past the end of this calendar year. There are about 150 appellants from all three groups and what they're asking for is a bigger recovery on their claims. A hundred and fifty appellants should not jeopardize the pension and health care of over 20,000 other retirees, especially when the retiree classes voted overwhelmingly to accept this plan, 82% in Class 10, 73% in Class 11, and 88% in Class 12.

Then we have the exit financing. The exit financing commitment had expired on November $26^{\rm th}$, but given where we were, we have an extension until December $26^{\rm th}$.

If this -- if Your Honor were to enter a stay in this case, an indefinite stay, it's exceedingly likely that this extension of the commitment would disappear. The lenders aren't going to wait around for as long as it takes to finish the appeals to figure out what the economic conditions are

25 when they decide to loan money. And they have no obligation 13-53846-tjt Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 15 of 22

to extend the commitment past December 26th.

Finally, the other creditors in this case are harmed. If the pension settlement falls apart so does the plan. This is not as Mr. Quinn suggests something where you can take out one little piece of this plan and everything else stands.

All of these settlements are -- are basically interrelated. What the city can afford to pay for each group of creditors is dependent on what the other group of creditors are getting.

So you cannot just pull out the pension piece and expect the rest of the plan to stand. You also cannot pull out the pension piece, especially without the outside funding and expect the rest of this plan to stand.

The ASF recoupment is part of the plan. The outside funding is part of the plan. And all of the settlements flow from the funds available based on what the city can pay for pensions, that dictates what they have to pay for everything else.

So unfortunately this is not a simple uninterconnected puzzle that we've put together where if you remove one piece the rest of it will stay. Finally, if this plan is stayed, the city could lose and will likely lose the development opportunities afforded by the FGIC and the Syncora settlements.

public interest. In this case, Your Honor, the public interest almost demands the denial of a stay. The public interest factor requires the Bankruptcy Court to consider the good of the case as a whole and not individual creditor's investments or monetary concerns, especially if incremental recoveries are expected to be modest.

And I would say frankly especially here where any victory that the appellants might have may very well prove to be peric because if they win it's more likely that their recoveries will be lower than for those that exist in the plan.

So based on the harms to the citizenry, to the employees, to the other creditors, I think Judge Gerber in GM summed up this — this case as well pretty well. Where he said, this isn't a case like <u>Adelphia</u> where the estates here or the city's monetary loss can be quantified. We are here faced with irreparable injury.

Here to hundreds and thousands of third parties, the residents of the city to over 20,000 retirees and to the other creditors. This is so clearly a case where a stay should not issue. Where a stay actually would harm the interests of the movants.

But if a stay were to issue, it would also be unconscionable not to require a bond and as set forth in the papers, we think the bond has to be in the billions of

1 THE COURT: Thank you. Any rebuttal? 2 MR. FIELDS: Your Honor, just real briefly. 3 THE COURT: One second. I should ask first, is 4 there anyone else who'd like to speak against the motion? 5 We'll -- we'll get you back up, Mr. Fields. 6 MR. FIELDS: Right. 7 THE COURT: Sorry about that. 8 MR. ALBERTS: Your Honor, Sam Alberts on behalf of the Official committee of retirees. We rise in opposition to 9 10 the motion to stay for the same reasons as stated by Ms. Lennox on behalf of the city. We agree with that. 11 12 I just want to highlight one point. The -- the real 13 detrimental effect that delaying the effective date would have 14 on retirees with respect to their health care is very real and there is no plan in place. In fact the city has disavowed any 15 16 responsibility to retirees to provide health care beyond the 31st of December which would mean that if the plan doesn't go 17 18 into effect we may have an emergency situation, not unlike last year where there was an attempt to compel the city to 19 20 provide health care and if the city did provide that health 21 care, we're talking about 2.7 million dollars a month for each 22 month which is harm to the city. 23 And if the city took the position that they may provide it, but they would look back to the VEBAs for the payment,

re're -- we have a problem with the VEBAs paying for it Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 18 of 22

because the VEBAs don't have that kind of liquidity. And so, you know, for that reason on top of everything else and we -we attached in our papers the mechanics and -- and -- and you would see in that clearly that everything is conditioned on an effective date occurring by the 31st of December.

So for that very real reason I would add the committee's support to the city and in opposition to the motions. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you. Sir.

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MR. HOWELL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Steven G. Howell of Dickinson, Wright, Special Assistant Attorney General appearing on behalf of the State of Michigan. I'll be very brief, Your Honor.

The state rises also to support the city's opposition and to oppose the imposition of a stay. We believe it would be very detrimental to the city and the state and all involved if this order is stayed in order to try to continue this forward momentum as I think I've previously advised the Court.

The Michigan Settlement Administration Authority has waived the final non-appealable requirement by December 31 because it's unlikely this appeal would be resolved by then and the state through the Michigan Settlement Administration Authority has waived that condition.

There are still two more that need to be satisfied

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1 signed stipulations for in our possession at Dickinson, 2 Wright. So believe these motions should all be denied, Your 3 Honor. Thank you. 4 THE COURT: Thank you. Now Mr. Fields. MR. FIELDS: Your Honor although I -- I don't agree 5 with the -- the chicken little the sky is falling approach, or 6 7 argument, I would like to address something Ms. Lennox said 8 about the eligibility ruling. 9 Neither the Governor's authorization for the city to file 10 Chapter 9, the emergency manager's petition to file Chapter 9, or the Court's eligibility ruling impaired pensions. The only 11 12 people that can propose preparing -- impairing pensions is the 13 City of Detroit. And the eligibility ruling was in December. And the 14 first plan wasn't offered until February 28th. So therefore 15 16 until there's a plan confirmed, pensions have not been 17 impaired. Once the plan was confirmed, pensions have been 18 impaired and gives the appellants rights to appeal on that issue. Thank you, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Mr. Quinn, anything further? 20 MR. QUINN: Nothing further, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: All right. The Court will take this 22 23 matter under advisement and issue an order shortly. Anything

25 LENNOX: No, Your Honor 13-53846-tjt Doc 8542 Filed 12/03/14 Entered 12/03/14 09:44:44 Page 20 of 22

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further for today?

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               THE COURT: All right. We're in recess.
               THE CLERK: All rise. Court is adjourned.
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          (Court Adjourned at 2:26 p.m.)
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    We certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the
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    /s/Deborah L. Kremlick, CER-4872 Dated: 12-3-14
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